Remarks/Arguments:

Reconsideration of the application is requested.

Claims 1, 3-5, and 7-21 remain in the application. Claims 2 and 6 are being cancelled herewith. Claims 1, 3, 4, 5, and 7 have been amended. Claims 5 and 7-21 have been withdrawn from consideration.

In item 3 on page 2 of the above-identified Office action, claims 1 and 2 have been rejected as being fully anticipated by Shannon (U.S. Patent No. 6,153,316) under 35 U.S.C. § 102.

The rejection has been noted and the claims have been amended in an effort to even more clearly define the invention of the instant application. The claims are patentable for the reasons set forth below. Support for the changes is found on page 15, lines 1-3, page 16, lines 1-4, and in claim 2 of the instant application.

Before discussing the prior art in detail, it is believed that a brief review of the invention as claimed, would be helpful.

Claim 1 calls for, inter alia:

an aluminum plate having a thickness, a hard-anodized top layer, and a scoring groove formed therein, the scoring groove having a residual thickness of at least 0.1 mm.

The Shannon reference discloses a cold reduced aluminum sheet that is reduced by 5%.

The reference does not show an aluminum plate having a thickness, a hard-anodized top layer, and a scoring groove formed therein, the scoring groove having a residual thickness of at least 0.1 mm as recited in claim 1 of the instant application. The Shannon reference does not disclose a scoring groove formed in the sheet with a residual of 0.1 mm. This is contrary to the invention of the instant application as claimed, in which an aluminum plate has a thickness, a hard-anodized top layer, and a scoring groove formed therein, the scoring groove has a residual thickness of at least 0.1 mm.

In item 5 on page 3 of the Office action, claims 3 and 4 have been rejected as being obvious over Shannon (U.S. Patent No. 6,153,316) in view of Yoshida et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,540,449) (hereinafter "Yoshida") under 35 U.S.C. § 103. Yoshida does not make up for the deficiencies of Shannon.

Therefore, since claim 1 is believed to be allowable, dependent claims 3 and 4 are believed to be allowable as well.

It is accordingly believed to be clear that none of the references, whether taken alone or in any combination, either show or suggest the features of claim 1. Claim 1 is, therefore, believed to be patentable over the art and since all of the dependent claims are ultimately dependent on claim 1, they are believed to be patentable as well.

In view of the foregoing, reconsideration and allowance of claims 1, 3-5, and 7-21 are solicited.

In the event the Examiner should still find any of the claims to be unpatentable, counsel respectfully requests a telephone call so that, if possible, patentable language can be worked out.

If an extension of time for this paper is required, petition for extension is herewith made.

Please charge any other fees which might be due with respect to Sections 1.16 and 1.17 to the Deposit Account of Lerner & Greenberg P.A., No. 12-1099.

Respectfully submitted,

For Applicant (s)

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